



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Objective: Reading for specific information and identify vocabulary related to Festivals. Use of verbs with ING and to+ infinitive.

# 7.2 He enjoys being in the parade

## Language practice

1 Complete the article with these words.

children clothes enjoy festival fireworks food homes lights luck presents visitors

### Diwali

At the end of October, Hindus all over the world (0) enjoy getting together for the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ of Diwali. People start cleaning their (2) \_\_\_\_\_ several weeks before Diwali. They put (3) \_\_\_\_\_ round all the windows because they believe this brings good (4) \_\_\_\_\_. They put on new (5) \_\_\_\_\_ and cook lots of special (6) \_\_\_\_\_ ready for (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Diwali is very popular with (8) \_\_\_\_\_ because they can watch (9) \_\_\_\_\_ and people give them (10) \_\_\_\_\_.

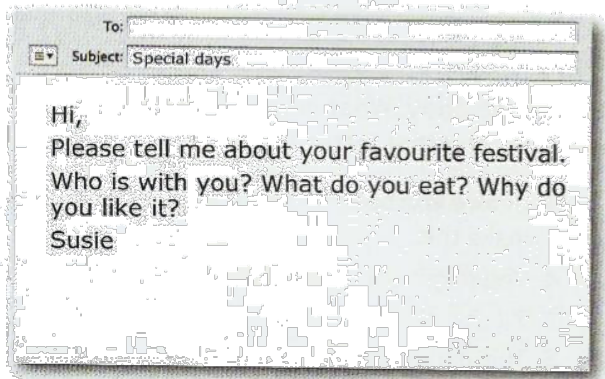


2 Complete the sentences about special days with *in*, *on* or *at*.

- 0 Christmas Day is on the 25th of December.
- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ New Year's Eve we eat dinner with our families \_\_\_\_\_ 8 o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ the evening. Then we go to the Main Square and \_\_\_\_\_ midnight we eat 12 grapes.
- 2 Cinco Mayo is a Mexican festival \_\_\_\_\_ the beginning of May.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ April Fools' Day in Britain people play tricks on each other.
- 4 The Notting Hill Carnival takes place \_\_\_\_\_ August. The children's parade is \_\_\_\_\_ the Sunday and the main parade is the next day, \_\_\_\_\_ the afternoon.
- 5 Are you coming to my birthday party? It's \_\_\_\_\_ 6 o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday.

## Exam practice: Reading and Writing Part 9

3 Read this email from your English friend Susie.



4 Write Susie an email. Answer the questions. Write 25-35 words.

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**SOLUCIONARIO**  
**GUÍA KET N°4**  
**INGLÉS**  
**SEGUNDO MEDIO**

- 1) 1. Festival  
2. Homes  
3. Lights  
4. Luck  
5. Clothes  
6. Food  
7. Visitors  
8. Children  
9. Fireworks  
10. Presents

- 2) 1. on; at; in; at  
2. at  
3. on  
4. in; on; in  
5. at; on

- 3) (Sample answers 1)  
Christmas is my favourite festival. My grandparents come to our house. We all put on our best clothes. We eat roast turkey and plum pudding. I love it because everyone is happy and I like getting presents.  
Carla xx.

(Sample answer 2)  
I really like Bonfire night on 5<sup>th</sup> November. We build a big fire in the park and buy fireworks. When it gets dark we light the fire and everybody enjoys watching the fireworks.  
Carrie xx.



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Objective: Comprehend grammatical structure and apply verbs with ING and to+ infinitive

**Infinitive and Gerund**

**Infinitive**

After certain verbs (with to) Example: He *refused to pay* the bill.

- |           |              |           |                |
|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------------|
| • afford  | • expect     | • manage  | • refuse       |
| • agree   | • fail       | • mean    | • want         |
| • appear  | • help (also | • offer   | • wish         |
| • arrange | without to)  | • plan    | • would like   |
| • beg     | • hesitate   | • prepare | • would love   |
| • choose  | • hope       | • pretend | • would prefer |
| • decide  | • learn      | • promise |                |

**Gerund**

Verbs followed by Gerund Example: I *enjoy cooking*.

- |              |               |          |              |
|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------|
| • admit      | • can't stand | • finish | • practise   |
| • advise     | • deny        | • keep   | • suggest    |
| • allow      | • dislike     | • mind   | • waste time |
| • avoid      | • enjoy       | • miss   | / money      |
| • can't help | • fancy       | • permit |              |

**Verbs with Prepositions followed by Gerund**

Example: I'm *looking forward to seeing* you again soon.

- |                 |                  |                  |                   |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| • accuse of     | • blame for      | • dream about/of |                   |
| • agree with    | • care for       | • feel like      | • look forward to |
| • apologize for | • carry on       | • forgive for    | • object to       |
| • ask about     | • complain about | • give up        | • think of        |
| • believe in    | • concentrate on | • insist on      | • succeed in      |
| • be used to    | • depend on      | • keep on        | • use for         |



**Words followed either by Infinitive or Ing-Form**

**Words with the same meaning** Example: I started to read. / I started reading.

- attempt
- begin
- bother
- cannot bear
- cease
- continue
- hate
- intend
- prefer
- start

**Words with the same meaning but different use**

Word	Infinitive - with an object	Gerund – without an object
advise	I advise you to go by bus.	I advise going by bus.
allow / permit	He allowed her to take the car.	He allowed taking the car.
forbid	She forbids us to smoke.	She forbids smoking.

**Words with a different meaning**

Word	Infinitive meaning	Gerund meaning
forget / remember	with regard to the future <i>Remember to switch off the lights.</i> Spanish: Recuerda apagar las luces	with regard to the past <i>Do you remember switching off the lights?</i> Spanish: ¿Recuerdas haber apagado las luces?
go on	start something new <i>Go on to read.</i> Spanish:	continue with the same action <i>Go on reading.</i>
regret	with regard to the future <i>I regret to say that's wrong.</i> Spanish: Lamento decir que está mal.	with regard to the past <i>I regret saying that.</i> Spanish: Lamento haber dicho que está mal.
stop	interrupt another action <i>I stopped to smoke.</i> Spanish: Paré para fumar.	terminate <i>I stopped smoking.</i> Spanish: Paré de fumar.
try	do something complicated <i>Try to solve this riddle.</i> Spanish: Intenta resolver este acertijo.	do it and see what happens <i>Try talking to him.</i> Spanish: Prueba a hablar con él.

**Gerund or Infinitive Exercise 1** Fill the gaps with the verb in brackets in the appropriate form.

- 1 I **can't stand** \_\_\_\_\_ in queues. ( wait )
- 2 I wouldn't like \_\_\_\_\_ in his shoes. ( be )
- 3 Jim loves \_\_\_\_\_ in Thailand. ( work )
- 4 I **need** \_\_\_\_\_ some information about Portugal. ( find )
- 5 My parents **like** \_\_\_\_\_ for long walks at the weekend. ( go )
- 6 Tony gave up \_\_\_\_\_ years ago. ( smoke )
- 7 I **hate** \_\_\_\_\_ the shopping on Saturday. ( do )
- 8 Blast! I forgot \_\_\_\_\_ milk. ( buy )
- 9 In the end we decided \_\_\_\_\_ in. (stay )
- 10 I wanted \_\_\_\_\_ and see Troy but no one else was interested. ( go )
- 11 Mrs Leith offered \_\_\_\_\_ us to the airport. (take )
- 12 Clare refused \_\_\_\_\_ clean up after the party. (help )
- 13 I tried \_\_\_\_\_ him to come but it was no use. (persuade )
- 14 Do you **mind** not \_\_\_\_\_ ? ( smoke )
- 15 Everybody really enjoyed \_\_\_\_\_ the cha-cha-cha. ( dance )
- 16 Lionel admitted \_\_\_\_\_ my chocolate mousse. ( eat )
- 17 We **arranged** \_\_\_\_\_ under the station clock at half nine. ( meet )
- 18 I always try to **avoid** \_\_\_\_\_ him whenever I can. (see )
- 19 I long \_\_\_\_\_ in Scotland again. (be )
- 20 My Mum demanded \_\_\_\_\_ the manager. ( see )
- 21 My brother **denied** \_\_\_\_\_ my chocolate mousse. Maybe his hamster ate it. ( eat )
- 22 I tried \_\_\_\_\_ but I just couldn't. ( understand )
- 23 In the end I **gave up** \_\_\_\_\_ to persuade her. ( try )
- 24 Charlie was pretending \_\_\_\_\_ a chicken. ( be )
- 25 They **chose** \_\_\_\_\_ in a cheap hotel but spend more money on meals. ( stay )
- 26 We like Galicia so much that we keep \_\_\_\_\_ back there. (go )
- 27 He **deserves** \_\_\_\_\_ severely punished. ( be )
- 28 When we visit my aunt, they expect me \_\_\_\_\_ on my best behaviour. (be )
- 29 I didn't mean \_\_\_\_\_ her feelings. I'm really sorry. ( hurt )



**SOLUCIONARIO**  
**GUÍA N°5**  
**INGLÉS**  
**SEGUNDO MEDIO**

**Gerund or Infinitive Exercises** **answers**

1. Waiting
2. To be
3. Working
4. To find
5. Going
6. Smoking
7. Doing
8. To buy
9. To stay
10. To go
11. To take
12. To help
13. To persuade
14. Smoking
15. Dancing
16. Eating
17. To meet
18. Seeing
19. To be
20. To see
21. Eating
22. To understand
23. Trying
24. To be
25. To stay
26. Going
27. To be
28. To be
29. To hurt



# GUÍA KET N°6

## INGLÉS

### 2DO MEDIO

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Objective: Reading for specific information and identify vocabulary related to Health problems.  
 Use of expressions for advice and possibility.

### Look after yourself

## 8.1

# You might have the flu

### Language practice

1 Find eleven parts of the body.

- 0 Back \_\_\_\_\_
- 1 F \_\_\_\_\_ 6 M \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 H \_\_\_\_\_ 7 N \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 A \_\_\_\_\_ 8 H \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 S \_\_\_\_\_ 9 F \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 E \_\_\_\_\_ 10 E \_\_\_\_\_

B	A	C	K	F	O	O	T
B	U	O	K	F	G	X	S
H	A	N	D	A	R	M	T
F	G	D	S	C	O	L	O
H	C	O	I	E	S	E	M
E	A	R	L	D	T	Y	A
A	M	O	U	T	H	E	C
D	N	O	S	E	E	G	H

2 Match the problems to the suggestions.

- 0 I don't feel very well and I've got a temperature.
- 1 I've hurt my arm. I can't move it.
- 2 I feel tired all the time.
- 3 I've got a pain in my stomach and I feel sick.
- 4 I can't see the board in the classroom.
- 5 John rides his bike too fast.

- A You shouldn't eat anything. You should just drink water.
- B He should be careful. He might have an accident.
- C You shouldn't stay up so late.
- D You may need glasses.
- E I think it might be broken.
- F I think you might have the flu.

3 Use the words to make sentences to complete the dialogues.

1 A: (sorry / can't come / piano lesson this evening)  
*I'm sorry, I can't come to my piano lesson this evening.*

B: Oh not again! Why not?

A: (fall off / skateboard / hurt / hand)

\_\_\_\_\_

3 A: (sorry Mr Straw / couldn't do / Maths homework last night)

\_\_\_\_\_

B: Really? What happened?

A: (eat / fish / feel sick / afterwards)

\_\_\_\_\_

2 A: (ring the dentist / please Mum? / can't go / appointment tomorrow.)

\_\_\_\_\_

B: Why not? What's the matter?

A: (not / feel well. / temperature.)

\_\_\_\_\_

4 A: (can't help / clean car today / Dad)

\_\_\_\_\_

B: Why? What's wrong?

A: (bad pain / back)

\_\_\_\_\_

### Exam practice: Reading and Writing Part 6

4 Read the descriptions of some words about health and the body. What is the word for each one? The first letter is already there. There is one space for each other letter in the word.

- 0 You may need to stay here if you are very ill.  
hospital
- 1 The doctor will give you this to make you feel better. m \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 When you have this you feel hot and unwell.  
 t \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Before you see the doctor you must call and make this. a \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 You might get a pain here if you eat bad food.  
 s \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 This person helps the doctor look after you.  
 n \_\_\_\_\_

**SOLUCIONARIO**  
**GUÍA KET N°6**  
**INGLÉS**  
**SEGUNDO MEDIO**

- 1) 1. Foot / face  
2. hand / head  
3. arm  
4. stomach  
5. eye / ear  
6. mouth  
7. nose  
8. hand / head  
9. foot / face  
10. eye / ear

- 2) 1. E  
2. C  
3. A  
4. D  
5. B

- 3) 1. I fell off my skateboard and hurt my hand

2. Can you ring the dentist please, Mum? I can't go to my appointment tomorrow.  
I don't feel well. I've got a temperature.

3. I'm sorry, Mr Straw. I couldn't do my Maths homework last night. I ate some fish  
and felt sick afterwards.

4. I can't help you clean the car today, Dad. I've got a bad pain in my back.

- 4) 1. Medicine  
2. Temperature  
3. Appointment  
4. Stomach  
5. Nurse