



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Objective: Reading for specific information and identify vocabulary related Animals and Nature. Use of Comparative and Superlative adjectives.

**Planet Earth**

**9.1**

**It's bigger than a cat**

**Language practice**

1 Put the letters in the right order to make some animals. Then use the highlighted letters to make another animal.

- 0 REAB
- 1 RHESO
- 2 MACEL

*b e a r*  
 \_ \_ \_ \_  
 \_ \_ \_ \_

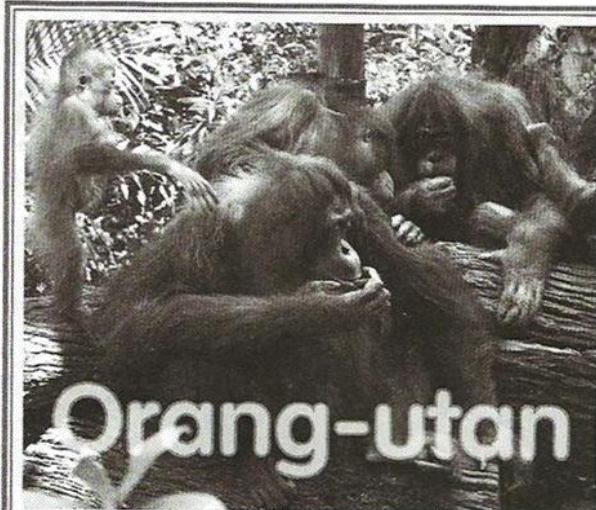
- 3 NIOL
- 4 RAPROT
- 5 RIGET

\_ \_ \_ \_  
 \_ \_ \_ \_  
 \_ \_ \_ \_

2 Complete the sentences with the comparative forms of the adjectives.

- 0 A giraffe is taller (tall) than an elephant.
- 1 I think fish are \_\_\_\_\_ (interesting) than insects.
- 2 Tigers are \_\_\_\_\_ (dangerous) than bears.
- 3 Crocodiles are \_\_\_\_\_ (good) swimmers than elephants.
- 4 A mouse is \_\_\_\_\_ (small) than a dog.
- 5 Tigers are \_\_\_\_\_ (fast) runners than elephants.

3 Complete the text with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives.



**Orang-utan**

The name 'orang-utan' means 'man of the forest'. Orang-utans live in tropical forests, and they are some of the (0) *most beautiful* (beautiful) animals in the world. Their arms are (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (long) than their legs, which means they are very good at climbing. In fact, they are some of the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (good) climbers in the forest. They are usually not scared of people, and they are some of the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (friendly) animals in the world. However, they are (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (dangerous) than usual when they are looking after their young. They often make and use tools to eat with, and scientists who have studied them believe that they are one of the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (intelligent) animals in the world.

**Exam practice: Reading and Writing Part 3 (a)**

4 Complete the five conversations.

- 0 How are you?  
 A I'm Veronika.  
 (B) I'm fine.  
 C I'm ready.
- 1 Will you take the dog for a walk?  
 A No he won't.  
 B I'm just going.  
 C He doesn't want it.
- 2 There's a snake in the garden!  
 A I don't believe you.  
 B How much is it?  
 C I'll think about it.
- 3 Did you enjoy your riding lesson?  
 A I never did.  
 B No thank you.  
 C Not really.
- 4 I won this goldfish at the festival.  
 A What is it doing?  
 B Where did we put it?  
 C How did you do that?
- 5 I'm afraid you can't see the lions today.  
 A That's too bad.  
 B Sorry they're late.  
 C I don't agree.



**SOLUCIONARIO**  
**GUÍA KET Nº15**  
**INGLÉS**  
**SEGUNDO MEDIO**

1. 1. Horse  
2. camel  
3. lion  
4. parrot  
5. tiger  
Other animal: elephant
  
2. 1. more interesting  
2. more dangerous  
3. better  
4. smaller  
5. faster
  
3. 1. longer  
2. best  
3. friendliest  
4. more dangerous  
5. most intelligent
  
4. 1. B  
2. A  
3. C  
4. C  
5. A



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Objective: Reading for specific information and practice use of comparative and superlative adjectives.

words & grammar

## Comparatives & superlatives

Most adjectives with one syllable form the comparative and superlative by adding *-er* and *-est* to the end of the word,

Example: *tall - taller - tallest, warm - warmer - warmest.*

Many adjectives with two or more syllables, and adjectives ending in *-ed* and *-ing*, form the comparative and superlative using *more* and *most* before the adjective.

Example: *useful - more useful - most useful, tired - more tired - most tired*

BUT adjectives with two syllables that end in *-y* change the *y* into *i* and then add *-er* or *-est*.

Example: *easy - easier - easiest*

There are some irregular adjectives which use a completely different word for the comparative and superlative forms.

Example: *good - better - best.*

You can make negative comparisons by using *less* or *least* before adjectives of two or more syllables. For one-syllable adjectives you use *not as... as*.

**REMEMBER:** You can use a comparative to compare two things and to say that something is *nicer, more interesting* etc. than all the others in a particular group. You use the superlative to say that something is the *nicest, most interesting* etc. of all the ones in a particular group.

a. Write the comparative and superlative forms of these adjectives in the correct column below. The first three have been done for you as examples.

*angry, cheap, beautiful, boring, clear, cold, comfortable, crazy, difficult, dirty, energetic, filthy, frightening, high, long, nice, noisy, safe, serious, unhappy*

(y) -ier / iest	-er / est	more / most
<i>angry - angrier - angriest</i>	<i>cheap - cheaper - cheapest</i>	<i>beautiful - more beautiful - most beautiful</i>





## Comparatives & superlatives

b. Complete the sentences using the comparative or superlative forms of the adjectives in the list.

bad • big • crowded • delicious • fast • happy  
 interesting • rich • simple • warm

1. The weather is too cold in this country. I'd like to live somewhere \_\_\_\_\_.
2. There were a lot of people in the train. It was \_\_\_\_\_ than usual.
3. We had an awful time. It was one of the \_\_\_\_\_ holidays in my life.
4. I am very late. What's the \_\_\_\_\_ way of getting from here to the station?
5. We need a \_\_\_\_\_ flat. We don't have enough space here.
6. His job is quite boring. He would like to do something \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Thank you. It was the \_\_\_\_\_ meal I've had for a long time!
8. Her father left her a lot of money. She is now one of the \_\_\_\_\_ women in the country.
9. You looked depressed this morning but you look \_\_\_\_\_ now.
10. The instructions were very complicated. They could have been \_\_\_\_\_.

c. Correct the mistakes in these sentences. Two of them are correct.

1. Mike's headache is badder today. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Cars are more faster than they used to be. \_\_\_\_\_
3. It is much hotter today. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Last night I went to bed more early than usual. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Ian is a more good player than me. \_\_\_\_\_
6. My home cinema is moderner than yours. \_\_\_\_\_
7. His daughter is as older as I am. \_\_\_\_\_
8. Laptops are not as expensive as they used to be. \_\_\_\_\_
9. My new boss is more friendlier than the old one. \_\_\_\_\_
10. I prefer studying Italian. It's not as more difficult as German. \_\_\_\_\_

## Comparatives & superlatives

d. Look at the advertisements and complete the sentences below with the comparative or adjective forms of these adjectives: *cheap, early, late, new, old, small*. There are several different possible answers for some of the questions.

### *Chateaux Hotel*

**Ratings:** 4 star

**No of rooms:** 35

**Check-out time:** 11.30am

**Check-in time:** 3.00pm

**Year built:** 1300

**Amenities:** Air conditioned, Babysitting, Balcony, Bar, Bath tub, Bathroom telephone, Fireplace, Hairdryer in room, Iron, In-room movies, Parking, Restaurant, Room service, Shower, Telephone, Toilet, TV, Cable TV

**Room Rate Offered:** Ranging from £606 to £656 for a suite

### *Best Lodge Hotel*

**Ratings:** 3 star

**No of rooms:** 70

**Check-out time:** 11.00am

**Check-in time:** 2.00pm

**Year built:** 1905

**Amenities:** Alarm clock, Bar, Coffee maker, Free parking, Golf, Shower, Toilet

**Room Rate Offered:** From £60 to £74 for a standard room

### *Deluxe Hotel*

**Ratings:** 4 star AA

**No of rooms:** 115

**Check-out time:** 11.00am

**Check-in time:** 12.00pm

**Year built:** 1999

**Amenities:** Adjoining rooms, Babysitting, Balcony, Bar, Bath tub, Bathroom telephone, Beauty salon, Car rental desk, Coffee maker, Coffee shop, Currency exchange, Games room, Gym, Fireplace, Hairdryer in room, Health club, Jacuzzi, Iron, In-room movies, Laundry service, Parking, Restaurant, Room service, Sauna, Shower, Secretarial service, Swimming pool, Telephone, Toilet, TV, Cable TV

**Room Rate Offered:** From £140 to £186 for a standard room

1. You can check out \_\_\_\_\_ in the Chateaux Hotel than in the other two hotels but you can check in \_\_\_\_\_ in the Deluxe Hotel.
2. The Chateaux Hotel is the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ of the three hotels.
3. The Deluxe Hotel is the \_\_\_\_\_ of the three but it is not the \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The Best Lodge Hotel is not very modern but the Chateaux Hotel is much \_\_\_\_\_.



**SOLUCIONARIO**  
**GUÍA KET Nº16**  
**INGLÉS**  
**SEGUNDO MEDIO**

- A. 1. Angry- angrie- angriest  
crazy – crazier – craziest  
dirty – dirtier – dirtiest  
filthy – filthier – filthiest  
noisy – noisier – noisiest
2. cheap – cheaper – cheapest  
Clear – clearer – clearest  
Cold – colder – coldest  
High – higher -highest  
Long – longer – longest  
Nice – nicer – nicest  
Safe – safer – safest
3. beautiful – more beautiful – most beautiful  
Boring – more boring – most boring  
Comfortable – more comfortable – most comfortable  
Difficult- more difficult – most difficult  
Energetic – more energetic – most energetic  
Frightening – more frightening – most frightening  
Serious – more serious – most serious  
Unhappy – more unhappy – most unhappy
- B. 1. warmer  
2. more crowded  
3. worst  
4. fastest  
5. bigger  
6. more interesting  
7. most delicious  
8. richest  
9. happier  
10. simpler
- C. 1. Is worse  
2. are faster than  
3. correct  
4. bed earlier than  
5. a better player  
6. is more modern than  
7. is as old as  
8. correct  
9. is friendlier than  
10. not as difficult as
- D. 1. Later, earlier  
2. oldest, most expensive, smallest  
3. most luxurious, newest, most expensive, cheapest  
4. older



# GUÍA KET N°17 INGLÉS 2DO MEDIO

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Objective: Reading for specific information and identify vocabulary related Animals and Nature.

topics

## Animals & pets

a, Put the names of these animals into the right column. Some of them can go into more than one column.

ant • bear • bee • butterfly • camel • cat • cow • dog  
 donkey • eagle • fly • giraffe • goat • goldfish • hamster  
 hen • horse • lamb • lion • monkey • mosquito • parrot  
 pig • rabbit • robin • sheep • spider • snake • tortoise

FARM ANIMALS	WILD/ZOO ANIMALS	INSECTS/BIRDS	PETS

b. Complete these sentences with a suitable animals from exercise a. above. There may be more than one correct answer.

- \_\_\_\_\_ can eat leaves from tall trees.
- \_\_\_\_\_ usually obey human commands.
- \_\_\_\_\_ can imitate human speech.
- \_\_\_\_\_ are large female farm animals kept to give milk.
- \_\_\_\_\_ provide us with wool.
- \_\_\_\_\_ make honey.
- \_\_\_\_\_ change their skin several times a year.
- \_\_\_\_\_ are large wild animals of the cat family.

c. Match each animal with its young.

ANIMAL		YOUNG
cow	•	• piglet
hen	•	• kid
goat	•	• chick
pig	•	• lamb
sheep	•	• calf

d. Read the text about dogs as pets and fill the gaps with the right word A, B, C or D.

### The right dog for you

Buying a dog is a very big responsibility and one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ important decisions that any family has to make. A dog is for (2) \_\_\_\_\_ and it will become your concern





## Animals & pets

for the next ten years at least. Before you rush into getting one, consider first if and how it will fit into your lifestyle and what you can give it in return. Being a dog (3) \_\_\_\_\_ can be extremely rewarding. But don't forget that your furry friend will need regular (4) \_\_\_\_\_, feeding, grooming and most of all companionship. You must be ready to set aside some time every day to look after it and (5) \_\_\_\_\_ with it.

When we (6) \_\_\_\_\_ a dog into our family we want it to be liked by everyone who comes to our home, whether they are friends, our children's friends or visitors on business. We don't want our new family (7) \_\_\_\_\_ to be annoying to us or anyone else either in the car or when we are (8) \_\_\_\_\_ it for a walk in the street or in the countryside. Our dogs have to (9) \_\_\_\_\_ good behaviour and we have to teach them. We should use a lot of repetition, we should watch out for instinctive behaviour which we must control, and we should teach the dog to trust us. We must try to understand (10) \_\_\_\_\_ the dog's senses work and find a way to control them.

- |     |             |              |              |              |
|-----|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1.  | a. more     | b. very much | c. most      | d. much      |
| 2.  | a. now      | b. living    | c. life      | d. always    |
| 3.  | a. buyer    | b. lover     | c. companion | d. owner     |
| 4.  | a. exercise | b. food      | c. game      | d. treatment |
| 5.  | a. train    | b. play      | c. teach     | d. exercise  |
| 6.  | a. grow     | b. buy       | c. take      | d. own       |
| 7.  | a. animal   | b. member    | c. creature  | d. visitor   |
| 8.  | a. bringing | b. getting   | c. taking    | d. letting   |
| 9.  | a. learning | b. be        | c. educate   | d. behave    |
| 10. | a. if       | b. when      | c. which     | d. how       |

e. Answer the following questions for yourself. Then discuss them with a friend.

1. Which of these would you choose as a pet? Why?

goldfish • hamster • kitten • puppy • monkey • rabbit • tortoise

2. Which of these animals do you think are most useful for humans. Why?

dog • cow • horse • hen • sheep • bee • elephant • camel

3. Which of these animals would you not like to meet? Why?

tiger • shark • snake • lion • spider • bat



**SOLUCIONARIO**  
**GUÍA KET N°17**  
**INGLÉS**  
**SEGUNDO MEDIO**

A. (Suggested answers)

FARM ANIMALS: cow, donkey, goat, hen, horse, lamb, pig, sheep

WILD/ZOO ANIMALS: bear, camel, giraffe, lion, monkey, rabbit, snake, tortoise

INSECTS/BIRDS: ant, bee, budgie, butterfly, fly, mosquito, parrot, robin, spider

PETS: cat, dog, goldfish, hamster, horse, parrot, rabbit, tortoise

B. (Suggested answers)

1. Giraffes
2. Dogs
3. Parrots
4. Cows
5. Sheep
6. Bee
7. Snakes
8. Lions

C. Cow- calf

Hen – chick

Goat – kid

Pig – piglet

Sheep – lamb

D. 1. C

2. C

3. D

4. A

5. B

6. C

7. B

8. C

9. A

10. D

E. (Open answers)



# GUÍA KET N°18 INGLÉS 2DO MEDIO

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

**Objective: Practice use of comparative and superlative adjectives.**

1. Complete the chart with the **comparatives** and **superlatives**

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
long	longer than	the longest
fast	faster than	
pretty		the prettiest
beautiful	more beautiful than	
ugly	uglier than	
thin		the thinnest
fashionable	more fashionable than	

2. Write the **comparative**:

- a. old **older**
- b. strong \_\_\_\_\_
- c. happy \_\_\_\_\_
- d. modern \_\_\_\_\_
- e. important \_\_\_\_\_
- f. good \_\_\_\_\_
- g. large \_\_\_\_\_
- h. serious \_\_\_\_\_
- i. pretty \_\_\_\_\_
- j. bad \_\_\_\_\_

3. Complete the sentences with a **superlative**:

- a. This building is very old. It's **the oldest building** in the town.
- b. It was a very happy day. It was \_\_\_\_\_ of my life.
- c. It's a very good film. It's \_\_\_\_\_ I've seen.
- d. It was a very bad mistake. It was \_\_\_\_\_ in my life.
- e. It was a very cold day. It was \_\_\_\_\_ of the year.
- f. She's a popular singer. She's \_\_\_\_\_ in the country.
- g. He's a very boring person. He's \_\_\_\_\_ I know.
- h. This house is very big. It is \_\_\_\_\_ I've lived in.
- i. My cousin is very tall. He is \_\_\_\_\_ I have.
- j. Laura is a very pretty girl. She is \_\_\_\_\_ I know.

4. Choose the correct answer:

- a. Tom's car is **as big as** / the biggest his friend's.
- b. Who is shorter than / the shortest person in your family?
- c. Who is more independent than / the most independent person you know?
- d. These sofas are more comfortable than / the most comfortable ours.
- e. My brother is taller than / the tallest in the class.
- f. Is Jason's dog older than / the oldest yours?
- g. Who is the best / better than singer in the world?

- h. We are younger than / the youngest the rest of the class.
- i. My hair is the straightest / straighter than your hair.
- j. He is more popular / the most popular singer in the world.

5. Write the sentences in the correct order:

- a. taller / than / Gary / Rick / is.

**Gary is taller than Rick.**

- b. trousers / John / got / has / new / light.

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- c. Mary / clothes / likes / bigger

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- d. an / expensive / Rick / wearing / coat / is

---

- e. the / Carol / has / scarf / got / shortest

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- f. the / student / he / tallest / is

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- g. actress / Mary / the / was / popular / most

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- h. He / the / was / footballer / best

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- i. plays / than / better / you / Mary

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- j. father / is / your / than / stronger / mine

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6. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjective in brackets:

- a. Carol is as **good** (good) as you at sport.
- b. We like wearing the \_\_\_\_\_ (late) fashion.
- c. These trousers are \_\_\_\_\_ (comfortable) than those jeans.
- d. She is \_\_\_\_\_ (happy) now than he was last year.
- e. You are the \_\_\_\_\_ (pretty) girl in class.
- f. My grandma is \_\_\_\_\_ (old) than my grandpa.
- g. The red dress is the \_\_\_\_\_ (attractive) in the shop.
- h. I always tell the \_\_\_\_\_ (fun) jokes.
- i. Your hair is \_\_\_\_\_ (curly) than my hair.
- j. My hair is \_\_\_\_\_ (short) than yours.





**SOLUCIONARIO**  
**GUÍA KET Nº18**  
**INGLÉS**  
**SEGUNDO MEDIO**

1. Fastest  
Prettier than  
The most beautiful  
The ugliest  
Thinner than  
The most fashionable
2. b. stronger  
c. happier  
d. more modern  
e. more important  
f. better  
g. larger  
h. more serious  
i. prettier  
j. worse
3. b. the happiest day  
c. the best film  
d. the worst mistake  
e. the coldest day  
f. the most popular  
g. the most boring person  
h. the biggest house  
i. the tallest cousin  
j. the prettiest girl
4. b. the shortest  
c. the most independent  
d. more comfortable than  
e. the tallest  
f. older than  
g. the best  
h. younger than  
i. straighter  
j. the most popular
5. b. john has got new light trousers.  
c. Mary likes bigger clothes.  
d. Rick is wearing an expensive coat  
e. Carol has got the shortest scarf  
f. He is the tallest student  
g. Mary was the most popular actress  
h. He was the best footballer.  
i. Mary plays better than you  
j. Your father is stronger than mine.
6. b. the latest  
c. more comfortable  
d. happier  
e. prettiest  
f. older  
g. most attractive  
h. funniest  
i. curlier  
j. shorter